

# **©TMN DBREX INOX**



# LEVEL MAGNETIC TRANSDUCERS



Operative principle	When the float rises or falls by the guide tube due to the action of liquid is turned on or off a succession of reed contacts to generate an output proportional to the height of the level.
ATEX certification	The complete set of TMN DBEx INOX transmitter is not certified.  The certified elements are: the drive (DEMKO 99 ATEX 127088), the junction box (CESI 00 ATEX 008 U), terminals (SIRA02ATEX3001U) and gland (LCIE 97 ATEX 6006 X)

		Process connection	Brida DIN. DN100. SS AISI316 (1.4401)
		Guide tube length (TG)	25005000 mm (Ø16 mm) SS AISI316
3	Ş	Standard dimensions	E = 15  mm / S = 0  mm
Body	ว์	Tube and stops	SS AISI316 (1.4401)
		Temperature	-20+100 °C
		Protection	IP 67

	Model	Spherical Ø95x95 mm. SS AISI316L (FEI602B20)
g	Pressure	30 K/cm <sup>2</sup>
Flotador	Density	e < 0,45 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
	Temperature	-40+125 °C
	Dry/wet (FS/FH)	52,3 / 42,7 mm (For a density of 1 g/cm <sup>3</sup> )

	Electrical connexión	Aluminium housing connection. Ø64,5 x 100 mm
	Housing certificate	⟨ы⟩ II 2 G Ex d IIC
ing	Housing protection	IP66
Housing	Temperature (Ta)	Air: -20+85°C - Liquid: -20+100°C
	Terminals certificate	€ Exell 2GD
	Cable gland	Type ADL (IP68) 10 bares max.
	Cable gland certificate	

Ħ	Repeatibility	± 1%
Output	Step between reads	10 mm. Optional 5 mm
0	Supply voltage	2 wires: 1028 VDC

# **Dimensions** Legend E - Separation process **S** - Zone without measurement LT - Total length **D** - Measurement distance TG - Guied tube FS - Dry zone of float FH - Wet zone of float LCP - Process connection height

	Converter	Signal range		×ω	DEMKO 99	ATEX 127088
		Minimum range signal	16 mA	CE	ATEX	0539 ऒ II1G-EExiaIIC T1T6
		Time update		23 [Ω] (23 [Ω] (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24) (24)	Máx. temp.amb. T1T4	85 °C
	20.	Load resistance	$<$ (Vsup8) / 0.023 [ $\Omega$ ]		Máx. temp.amb. T5,T6	60 °C
Ħ	J		$\leq \pm 0{,}01\%$ to span / $100\Omega$	20	Aplicable en zonas	0,1 ó 2
t b	Error detect.	Programmable			EMC 89/336/EEC	
0		A max./min. of scale	23 mA/3,5 mA (NAMUR NE43)	gal ulat	Emisión	EN 50 081-1, EN 50 081-2
		Off	Not defined	Leç	Inmunidad	EN 50 082-2, EN 50 082-1
	Ex data	U <sub>i</sub> - I <sub>i</sub>	28 VCC - 120 mACC		ATEX 94/9/EC	EN 50014-1 y EN 50020.
		P <sub>i</sub>	0,84 W			
		L <sub>i</sub> - C <sub>i</sub>	$\leq$ 10 $\mu$ H - $\leq$ 1 nF			

**Table 1: Process connection** 

Flange	DN100
t (mm)	18
Ø d (mm)	180
D (mm)	220
Thickness (LCP) (mm)	20

Table 2: Float

Model	FEI602B20
Material	SS AISI316 (1.4401)
Dimension (mm)	Ø 95x95
Pressure (kg/cm²)	30
Density (g/cm³)	e > 0,45
FS/FH(mm)	52,3 / 42,7

#### Installation conditions

# Manipulation

Do not use the junction box to transport or to install the sensor in the tank. Ensure that the body is at ground potential.

## **Mounting position**

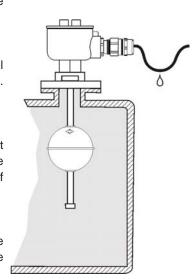
The sensor must be mounted vertically. It is advisable to leave enough space on the vessel wall to prevent the float to touching, and avoid the proximity of ferrous or magnetic materials. We recommend installing the sensor away from the stirring elements, if any.

#### **Electrical wire**

Use an appropriate cable to the electrical conditions of the installation. It is desirable that the entire gland seal on the cable and is essential in the case of humidity exist or be installed outdoors. In these cases, make a loop in the wire which facilitates the removal of accumulated drops (see figure).

#### **Maintenance**

In some cases, depending on the medium to control the residence time and can be deposited into the guide tube a layer of material will be removed so as not to obstruct the displacement of the float. To do this, proceed to clean and / or disassembly. Do not open the cover under tension.



# **Accessories**

IPD
0 12225 0 A

Instrument of digital display. 3 setpoints. Different magnitudes.
Secure Zone
96 x 50 x 70 (pannel)
-
-

Function

Installation

Range

Output

Supply

Loop supply

Mounting dimensions (mm)

Approval Ex/ I.S.

Applicable to areas

4-20 mA
IPD-V: Only visualization. IPD-VR: Visualization and 3 SPST, 2A/250VAC
· 60260 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz

· 22..60 VDC ±20%

16..25 VDC / 0..20 mA

**IPDS** 



Instrument of digital display.  ATEX certificate.
Classified Zone
96 x 48 x 120 (pannel)
Ex II 1 G [EEx ia] IIC T6
0, 1 or 2
3,6-23 mA
Visualization by LCD display to 4 digits.
Is supplied from the voltage of the

s supplied from the voltage of the	
current loop.	
1625 VDC / 020 mA	

AG-5104-B

Galvanic Isolator to analog signals.4-20mA. ATEX. Secure Zone 109 x 23,5 x 130 (DIN rail) Ex II (1) G D [EEx ia] IIC 0, 1, 2, 20, 21 or 22 0-20 mA 0-20 mA

· 24..230 VAC ±10%, 50/60 Hz · 24..250 VDC ±20%

16..25 VDC / 0..20 mA

Control

relays:

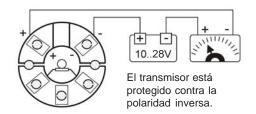
PABA/B

DABA/B

SABA/B

PAFA

## **Connection diagram**



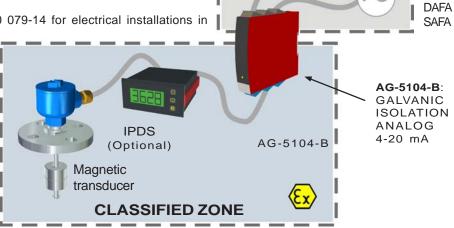
### Mounting for intrinsic secure "ia"

# Safety instructions

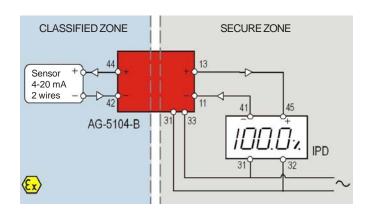
For safe installation of the transducer TMN in hazardous areas should be taken into account:

· The transducer should be installed only by qualified personnel who are familiar with national and international laws and the rules and guidelines for implementing this type of environment.

For more information see EN 60 079-14 for electrical installations in hazardous areas.

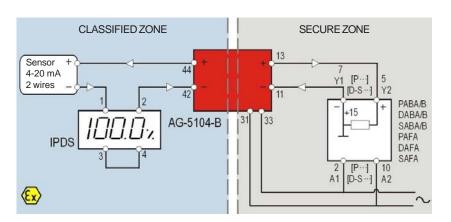


# **Examples to application**



Sensor supply, galvanic isolated and secure zone display.

SECURE ZONE



Sensor supply, display in classified areas, isolation, and 1 or 2 set points in safe area.

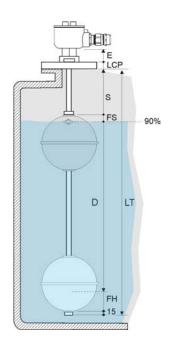
#### Recommendations and examples to place an order

Determine the resolution you want in your measurement by choosing appropriate step between reads. A smaller distance between reads, the better resolution you get.

The resulting actions are a function of the density of the liquid and float. Unless specified otherwise, the calculations are based on the density of water, 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

Note that the measurement can never be done from the bottom of the tank dimensions as there are some unavoidable due to the construction of the sensor itself, corresponding to the end of the guide tube and the height where stands the float level (see dimensional graph on the first page for your understanding).

It is essential that the sensor is manufactured to the maximum internal height of the tank as it can place the measuring distance where it suits you, taking into account the above. In any case, it is recommended that the total length of the sensor is somewhat below the maximum height inside the tank to avoid that the tube is slightly curved and hinders displacement of the float.



You can determine a bound (S) to establish an area where there is no reading at all. In the event that is wanted to separate the head from the process connection (for reasons of high temperature, for example) can enter an elevation (E) higher than the standard.

### To place your order the following data are essential:

- the passage between readings,
- the length of the zone without measurement (S),
- the total length (LT)
- the density of the liquid, if known and different from 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### Example

In a tank working height 1500 mm (LT) containing water to be measured up to 90% capacity. The distance from the bottom of the flange until the maximum filling height is 75 mm (S). You want a reading of 10 mm. Electrically connect to an existing loop 4-20 mA (2 wire). The data needed for their manufacture are:

Paso = 10 mm

S = 0 mm

Total length LT = 1500 mm

Liquid density, if is different than 1 g/cm3

#### Composition of the reference











